

**Class: 4**

**Subject : Mathematics**

**Prepared by : Israt sultana**

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**Lecture 2**

**Chapter: Eight**

**Fractions**

**8.3 Comparison of Fraction**

**Note 1** Find larger or smaller. Put the symbol “<” or “>”

(1)  $\frac{2}{5} \square \frac{3}{5}$  (2)  $\frac{3}{8} \square \frac{5}{8}$  (3)  $\frac{1}{2} \square \frac{1}{3}$  (4)  $\frac{3}{5} \square \frac{3}{10}$

**1. Arrange the following from smaller to larger and show it by symbols**

(1)  $\frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{9}, \frac{2}{8}, \frac{2}{5}$  (2)  $\frac{3}{7}, \frac{3}{10}, \frac{3}{3}, \frac{3}{5}$  (3)  $\frac{5}{10}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{5}{15}, \frac{5}{9}$

**8.4 Equivalent Fraction**

(1) Find equivalent fraction of  $\frac{1}{2}$ .

(2) Find equivalent fraction of  $\frac{2}{3}$ .

(3) Find equivalent fraction of  $\frac{1}{3}$ .

**Ex: 2** Using the number lines, find the missing numbers

(1)  $\frac{1}{4} = \frac{2}{\square}$  (2)  $\frac{4}{10} = \frac{\square}{5}$  (3)  $\frac{6}{9} = \frac{\square}{3}$  (4)  $\frac{6}{8} = \frac{3}{\square}$

**Ex:3** Find the missing numbers

(1)  $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{\square}{12}$  (2)  $\frac{5}{6} = \frac{10}{\square}$  (3)  $\frac{3}{4} = \frac{12}{\square}$  (4)  $\frac{7}{8} = \frac{\square}{24}$

**Ex:4** Make five equivalent fractions of  $\frac{2}{5}$  freely.

**Ex:5** Find the missing numbers

$$(1) \frac{3}{9} = \frac{\square}{3} \quad (2) \frac{6}{8} = \frac{3}{\square} \quad (3) \frac{4}{12} = \frac{1}{\square} \quad (4) \frac{8}{20} = \frac{\square}{5}$$

**Ex:6** Make three equivalent fractions of  $\frac{12}{18}$  by dividing numerator and denominator of the fraction by the same number.

### Exercise(1)

**3.** Find the missing numbers.

$$(1) \frac{1}{3} = \frac{\square}{6} \quad (2) \frac{3}{7} = \frac{\square}{28} \quad (3) \frac{3}{4} = \frac{\square}{36} \quad (4) \frac{4}{5} = \frac{12}{\square} \quad (5) \frac{2}{9} = \frac{16}{\square} \quad (6) \frac{5}{8} = \frac{30}{\square}$$

$$(7) \frac{3}{6} = \frac{\square}{2} \quad (8) \frac{12}{20} = \frac{\square}{5} \quad (9) \frac{28}{36} = \frac{\square}{9} \quad (10) \frac{33}{66} = \frac{1}{\square} \quad (11) \frac{5}{65} = \frac{1}{\square} \quad (12) \frac{12}{54} = \frac{2}{\square}$$